## Mark Scheme (Final) J anuary 2009

## GCE

## GCE Decision Mathematics D1 (6689/01)

## General Marking Guidance

:

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.


## edexcel

J anuary 2009
6689 Decision Mathematics D1
Mark Scheme

| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q1 <br> (a) <br> (b) | e.g. <br> Sort complete. <br> $1^{\text {st }}$ choice $\left[\frac{1+8}{2}\right] \rightarrow 5$ Lauren <br> reject right <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ choice $\left[\frac{1+4}{2}\right] \rightarrow 3$ John <br> reject right <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ choice $\left[\frac{1+2}{2}\right] \rightarrow 2$ Imogen reject right <br> $4^{\text {th }}$ choice 1 Hannah reject <br> List now empty so Hugo not in list <br> Notes: <br> (a) 1M1: quick sort, pivots, p , chosen and two sublists one $<\mathrm{p}$ one $>\mathrm{p}$. If choosing 1 pivot per iteration only M1 only. <br> 1A1: first pass correct and next pivots chosen correctly/consistently. <br> 2A1ft: second pass correct, next pivots correctly/consistently chosen. <br> 3A1ft: third pass correct, next pivots correctly/consistently chosen. <br> 4A1: all correct, cso. <br> (b) 1M1: binary search, choosing pivot, rejecting half list. If using unsorted list, M0. Accept choice of K for M1 only. <br> 1A1: first pass correct, condone 'sticky'pivot here, bod. <br> 2A1ft: second pass correct, pivot rejected. <br> 3A1: cso. | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1ft <br> A1ft <br> A1cso <br> (5) <br> M1 A1 <br> A1ft <br> A1 <br> (4) <br> Total 9 |



| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q3 <br> (a) <br> (b) | $1^{\text {st }}$ dummy - D depends on B only, but E and F depend on B and C $2^{\text {nd }}$ dummy - G and H both must be able to be described uniquely in terms of the events at each end. <br> Notes: <br> (a) 1M1: one start and A to C and one of D, E or F drawn correctly <br> 1A1: $1^{\text {st }}$ dummy (+arrow) and $D, E$ and $F$ drawn correctly <br> 2A1: G, H, I and J drawn in correct place <br> 3A1: second dummy (+arrow) drawn in a correct place <br> 4A1: cso. all arrows and one finish. <br> (b) 1B1: cao, but B, C, D, E and/or F referred to, generous 2B1: cao, but generous. | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> A1 (5) <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> (2) <br> Total 7 |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q4 <br> (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) | Alternating path $\mathrm{B}-3=\mathrm{A}-5$ change status $\mathrm{B}=3-\mathrm{A}=5$ $\mathrm{A}=5 \quad \mathrm{~B}=3 \quad \mathrm{C}=2 \quad \mathrm{D}=1 \quad \mathrm{E}=6 \quad \mathrm{~F} \text { unmatched }$ <br> e.g. C is the only person able to do 2 and the only person able to do 4 . Or D, E and F between them can only be allocated to 1 and 6 . <br> Alternating path $\mathrm{F}-6=\mathrm{E}-1=\mathrm{D}-2=\mathrm{C}-4$ change status $\quad \mathrm{F}=6-\mathrm{E}=1-\mathrm{D}=2-\mathrm{C}=4$ $\mathrm{A}=5 \quad \mathrm{~B}=3 \quad \mathrm{C}=4 \quad \mathrm{D}=2 \quad \mathrm{E}=1 \quad \mathrm{~F}=6$ <br> Notes: <br> (a) 1M1: Path from B to 5 . <br> 1A1: Correct path including change status <br> 2A1: CAO my matching, may be drawn but if so 5 lines only and clear. <br> (b) 1B1: Close, a correct relevant, productive statement bod generous <br> 2B1: A Good clear answer generous <br> (c) 1M1: Path from F to 4 . No ft. <br> 1A1: Correct path penalise lack of change status once only <br> 2A1: CAO may be drawn but if so 6 lines only and clear | M1 A1 <br> A1 (3) <br> B2, 1, 0 <br> (2) <br> M1 A1 <br> A1 <br> (3) <br> Total 8 |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q5 <br> (a) <br> (b) | Odd vertices C, D, E, G $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CD}+\mathrm{EG}=17+19=36 \\ & \mathrm{CE}+\mathrm{DG}=12+25=37 \\ & \mathrm{CG}+\mathrm{DE}=28+13=41 \end{aligned}$ <br> Length $=543+36=579(\mathrm{~km})$ <br> CE (12) is the shortest <br> So repeat CE (12) <br> Start and finish at D and G <br> Notes: <br> (a) 1B1: cao (may be implicit) <br> 1M1: Three pairings of their four odd nodes <br> 1A1: one row correct <br> 2A1: all correct <br> 3A1ft: 543 + their least = a number. Condone lack of km <br> (b) 1 M 1 ft : Identifies their shortest from a choice of at least 2 rows. 1 A 1 ft : indicates their intent to repeat shortest. <br> 2A1ft: correct for their least. | B1 <br> M1 A1 <br> A1 <br> A1ft (5) <br> M1 <br> A1ft <br> A1ft (3) <br> Total 8 |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) <br> (b) | Shortest route: A B C E G H <br> Length: 156 (km) <br> New route: A B E G H <br> Length: 165 (km) <br> Notes: <br> (a) 1M1: Dijkstra's algorithm, small replacing larger in at least one of the sets of working values at C, E, G or H <br> 1A1: Values correct at vertices A to E. <br> 2A1ft: Values correct at vertices F to H , penalise order only once. <br> 3A1: cao <br> 4A1ft: 156ft <br> (b) 1B1: cao ABEGH <br> 2B1: 165 Special Case Accept 166 if ABDGH listed as the path. | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1ft <br> A1 <br> A1ft <br> (5) <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> (2) <br> Total 7 |

Question
Number Q7


## Q1 6689(01) D1 January 2009

(a) Other correct solutions:

Choosing middle left

| M | L | J | H | K | T | R | I |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | M | L | J | K | T | R | I |
| H | J | I | K | M | L | T | R |
| H | I | J | K | L | M | T | R |
| H | I | J | K | L | M | R | T |
| H | I | J | K | L | M | R | T |

Choosing first

| M | L | J | H | K | T | R | I |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| L | J | H | K | I | M | T | R |
| J | H | K | I | L | M | R | T |
| H | I | J | K | L | M | R | T |
| H | I | J | K | L | M | R | T |

If you see any sorting in reverse alphabetical order annotate and send to review.
(b) 'Sticky' pivot solution (max M1A1A0A0) would look like this:

> | $1^{\text {st }}$ choice | Lauren reject right |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ choice | John reject right |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ choice | Imogen reject right |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ choice | Imogen reject right |
| Into loop, probably declare that Hugo is not Imogen or Hannah. |  |

## Q7 6689(01) D1 January 2009

## Notes:

(a) 1B1: 1 line drawn accurately, with a ruler, in terms of $x$ and $y$.

2B1: 2 lines drawn accurately, with a ruler, in terms of $x$ and $y$.
3B1: 3 lines drawn accurately, with a ruler, in terms of $x$ and $y .(30,120)$
4B1: Shading correct for at least two lines in $x$ and $y$.
5B1: CAO Locating R correctly - bounded by three lines in x and y .
6B1: At least two lines labelled correctly. (Labels correct even if lines not)
(b) 1 M 1 ft : Some evidence of a correct method. Attempt at point testing (at least $\mathrm{n}-1$ points identified) or profit line (gradient close to overlay). Generous.
1A1: All my points (see below) correctly tested in their region, correct profit line.
1B1: CAO Finds minimum point i.e. $(0,80) \ldots .$.
2A1: CAO.....and value of $F$ i.e. $F=80$
2B1: CAO Finds maximum point i.e. $(24,96) \ldots .$.
3A1:CAO.....and value of F i.e. $\mathrm{F}=168$

* $\mathrm{F}(0,80)=80$
* F $(0,160)=160$
* $\mathrm{F}(24,96)=168$
* $F\left(15 \frac{5}{9}, 62 \frac{2}{9}\right)=108 \frac{8}{9}$ accept $F(15,62)$ or $F(16,62)$ towards M mark, but not A mark
$F\left(52 \frac{1}{2}, 20\right)=177 \frac{1}{2}$
$F(60,0)=180$
$F(70,0)=210$


## Q8 6689(01) D1 January 2009

(a) 1M1: Top boxes completed generally increasing left to right.

1A1: CAO.
2M1: Bottom boxes completed generally decreasing right to left.
2A1: CAO
(b) 1B1: Critical activities correct condone one omission or extra. Condone dummy

2B1: Critical activites cao condone dummy
3B1: 39
(c) 1 M 1 ft : Correct calculation seen - all three numbers at least once.

1A1: One float correct
1B1: CAO Two correct floats (even if method not seen)
(d) 1M1: At least 9 activities placed, at least 4 floats visible (cascade not scheduling)

1A1: All critical activities correct CAO
2M1: All 14 activities placed, at least 7 floats visible (cascade not scheduling)
2A1: All non-critical activities correct CAO
(e) 1B1: A correct, useful, relevant statement. Possibly one of two below. bod. Generous.

2B1: Time stated and 4 activities named correctly. Alternatives ok.
Attempts to schedule in (e) get B0 B0

