

GCE Edexcel GCE Mathematics Statistics 1 S1 (6683)

June 2008

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Mark Scheme (Final)

Mathematics

Edexcel GCE

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

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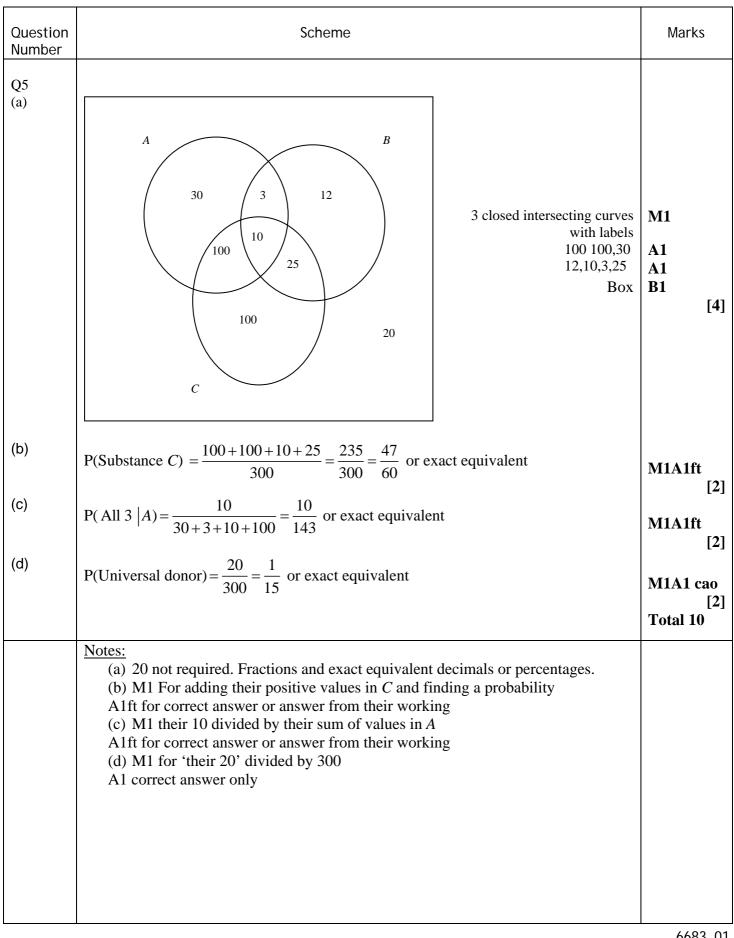
## June 2008 6683 Statistics S1 Mark Scheme

Question Number	Scheme		
Q1 (a)	0.95 Positive Test		
	0.02 Disease (0.05) Negative Test		
	(0.98) No Disease 0.03 Positive Test		
	(0.97) Negative Test		
	Tree without probabilities or labels 0.02(Disease), 0.95(Positive) on correct branches	M1 A1	
	0.03(Positive) on correct branch.	A1	
(b)	P(Positive Test) = $0.02 \times 0.95 + 0.98 \times 0.03$	[3] M1A1ft	
	= 0.0484	A1 [2]	
(c)	P(Do not have disease  Postive test) = $\frac{0.98 \times 0.03}{0.0484}$ = 0.607438 awrt 0.607	[3] M1 A1 [2]	
(d)	Test not very useful OR High probability of not having the disease for a person with a positive test	B1 [1] Total 9	
	Notes: (a) M1:All 6 branches. Bracketed probabilities not required. (b) M1 for sum of two products, at least one correct from their diagram A1ft follows from the probabilities on their tree A1 for correct answer only or $\frac{121}{2500}$ (c) M1 for conditional probability with numerator following from their tree and denominator their answer to part (b). A1 also for $\frac{147}{242}$ .	10141 7	

Question Number	Scheme		
Q2 (a) (b)	50 $Q_1 = 45$	B1 B1	[1]
	$Q_1 = 43$ $Q_2 = 50.5$ ONLY $Q_3 = 63$	B1 B1	[3]
(c)	Mean = $\frac{1469}{28}$ = 52.464286 Sd = $\sqrt{\frac{81213}{28} - \left(\frac{1469}{28}\right)^2}$ awrt 52.5	M1A1 M1	
(d)	=12.164 or 12.387216for divisor <i>n</i> -1 awrt 12.2 or 12.4	A1	[4]
(e)	$\frac{52.4650}{sd} = \text{awrt } 0.20 \text{ or } 0.21$ 1. mode/median/mean Balmoral>mode/median/mean Abbey	M1A1	[2]
	<ol> <li>2. Balmoral sd &lt; Abbey sd or similar sd or correct comment from their values, Balmoral range<abbey range,<br="">Balmoral IQR&gt;Abbey IQR or similar IQR</abbey></li> <li>3. Balmoral positive skew or almost symmetrical AND Abbey negative skew, Balmoral is less skew than Abbey or correct comment from their value in (d)</li> <li>4. Balmoral residents generally older than Abbey residents or equivalent.</li> </ol>		
	Only one comment of each type max 3 marks	B1B1B	[3]
	Notes: (c) M1for their 1469 between 1300 and 1600, divided by 28, A1 for awrt 52.5 Please note this is B1B1 on Epen M1 use of correct formula including sq root A1 awrt 12.2 or 12.4 Correct answers with no working award full marks. (d) M1 for their values correctly substituted A1 Accept 0.2 as a special case of awrt 0.20 with 0 missing (e) Technical terms required in correct context in lines 1 to 3 e.g. 'average' and 'spread' B0 1 correct comments B1B1B0 3 correct comments B1B1B1		

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
Q3 (a)	$-1 \times p + 1 \times 0.2 + 2 \times 0.15 + 3 \times 0.15 = 0.55$ $p = 0.4$ $p + q + 0.2 + 0.15 + 0.15 = 1$ $q = 0.1$	M1dM1 A1 M1 A1
(b)	$Var(X) = (-1)^{2} \times p + 1^{2} \times 0.2 + 2^{2} \times 0.15 + 3^{2} \times 0.15, -0.55^{2}$ = 2.55 - 0.3025 = 2.2475 awrt 2.25	[5] M1A1,M1 A1
(c)	E(2X-4) = 2E(X)-4 = -2.9	[4] M1 A1 [2] Total 11
	<ul> <li>(a) M1 for at least 2 correct terms on LHS Division by constant e.g. 5 then M0 dM1 dependent on first M1 for equate to 0.55 and attempt to solve. Award M1M1A1 for p=0.4 with no working M1 for adding probabilities and equating to 1. All terms or equivalent required e.g. p+q=0.5 Award M1A1 for q=0.1 with no working</li> <li>(b) M1 attempting E(X<sup>2</sup>) with at least 2 correct terms A1 for fully correct expression or 2.55 Division by constant at any point e.g. 5 then M0 M1 for subtracting their mean squared A1 for awrt 2.25 Award awrt 2.25 only with no working then 4 marks</li> <li>(c) M1 for 2x(their mean) -4 Award 2 marks for -2.9 with no working</li> </ul>	

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	5
Q4 (a)	$S_{tt} = 10922.81 - \frac{401.3^2}{15} = 186.6973$ awrt 187	M1A1	
	$S_{\nu\nu} = 42.3356 - \frac{25.08^2}{15} = 0.40184$ awrt 0.402	A1	
	$S_{tv} = 677.971 - \frac{401.3 \times 25.08}{15} = 6.9974$ awrt 7.00	A1	[4]
(b)	$r = \frac{6.9974}{\sqrt{186.6973 \times 0.40184}}$ = 0.807869 awrt 0.808	M1A1ft A1	[3]
(c)	<i>t</i> is the explanatory variable as we can control temperature but not frequency of noise or equivalent comment	B1 B1	[2]
(d)	High value of r or r close to 1 or Strong correlation	<b>B</b> 1	[1]
(e)	$b = \frac{6.9974}{186.6973} = 0.03748$ awrt 0.0375	M1A1	
	$a = \frac{25.08}{15} - b \times \frac{401.3}{15} = 0.6692874$ awrt 0.669	M1A1	[4]
(f)	t=19, v=0.6692874+0.03748x19=1.381406 awrt 1.4	B1 Total 15	[1]
	Notes:(a) M1 any one attempt at a correct use of a formula.Award full marks for correct answers with no working.Epen order of awarding marks as above.(b) M1 for correct formula and attempt to useA1ft for their values from part (a)NB Special Case for $\frac{677.971}{\sqrt{10922.81 \times 42.3356}}$ M1A0A1 awrt 0.808Award 3 marks for awrt 0.808 with no working(c) Marks are independent. Second mark requires some interpretation in context and can be statements such as 'temperature effects / influences pitch or noise'B1 'temperature is being changed' BUT B0 for 'temperature is changing'(e) M1 their values the right way upA1 for awrt 0.0375M1 attempt to use correct formula with their value of b A1 awrt 0.669(f) awrt 1.4		



Question Number	Scheme			Marks	
Q6 (a)	F(4)=1 (4+k) <sup>2</sup> = 25 k = 1  as  k > 0				M1 A1 [2]
(b)	P(X=x)	$\frac{2}{9}$	$\frac{3}{7}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 4\\ \hline 9\\ \hline 25 \end{array}$	B1ftB1B1 [3] Total 5
	Notes: (a) M1 for use of F(4) F(2)+F(3)+F(4)=1 M( A1 for <i>k</i> =1 and ignor (b) B1ft follow throug inclusive. B1 correct answer onl B1 correct answer onl	) e $k$ = -9 gh their $k$ for P(X=2) of by or exact equivalent	either exact or 3sf be		

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
Q7 (a)	$z = \frac{53 - 50}{2}$ Attempt to standardise P(X>53)=1-P(Z<1.5) =1-0.9332 =0.0668	A1
(b)	$P(X \le x_0) = 0.01$ $\frac{x_0 - 50}{2} = -2.3263$ $x_0 = 45.3474$ awrt 45.3 or 45.4	[3] M1 M1B1 M1A1 [5]
(c)	P(2 weigh more than 53kg and 1 less) = $3 \times 0.0668^{2}(1-0.0668)$ = 0.012492487 awrt 0.012	[3] B1M1A1ft A1 [4] Total 12
	Notes:(a) M1 for using 53,50 and 2, either way around on numeratorB1 1- any probability for markA1 0.0668 cao(b) M1 can be implied or seen in a diagramor equivalent with correct use of 0.01 or 0.99M1 for attempt to standardise with 50 and 2 numerator either way aroundB1 for $\pm 2.3263$ M1 Equate expression with 50 and 2 to a z value to form an equation with consistentsigns and attempt to solveA1 awrt 45.3 or 45.4(c) B1 for 3,M1 $p^2(1-p)$ for any value of pA1ft for p is their answer to part (a) without 3A1 awrt 0.012 or 0.0125	6683.01

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